

Hungry Grove Camp

Type of Structure	Concrete blocks and Wood frame.
Type of Foundation	Wood Beams on Concrete and Concrete blocks.
Exterior	Brick
Roofing Material	Asphalt Shingles.
Interior Finishes	Painted plywood on walls, ceiling and floor.
Lighting	Incandescent light on interior and exterior.
Heating	Unknown
Outhouse	plywood construction.

Hazardous Materials Summary

Asbestos containing materials (ACM)	15 samples collected during HBMA. Laboratory testing determined that non-friable black shingle (4.8% chrysotile asbestos) on the roof of the accommodations (~67 m ²) and also on the roof of the outhouse (~3 m ²).
	Samples included building insulation, roofing shingle/tar and concrete block/mortar.
	There may be other hidden or inaccessible ACM not identified during the assessment. If encountered, these materials should be treated as ACM or tested to verify content.
Paint Additives	3 samples collected during the HBMA and tested for lead, mercury and PCB. Lead in Paint: concentrations ranged from 228 mg/kg to 868 mg/kg (Interior and exterior of the cabin).
	** No red paint observed at this site on door, window covers and outhouse. All which contained high lead concentrations at other sites.
	Mercury in Paint: concentrations ranged from 0.09 mg/kg to 0.55 mg/kg.
	PCB in Paint: laboratory results were non detect.
Ozone Depleting Substances and Halocarbons	None identified.
Urea Formaldehyd Foam Insulation (UFFI)	Visual indicators suggest that UFFI were not present at the site.
Suspected Visible Mould Growth (SVG)	None Identified
Potential Lead Solder and Piping	Lead solder is likely present in plumbing and piping in the accommodations cabin.
Mercury-Containing Thermostats	No thermostats were identified during the assessment.
PCB Light Ballasts	Lighting is incandescent and no florescent lights/ballasts were identified.
Treated Wood Products	Treated wood was not identified during the assessment.
Silica Containing Materials	Silica is expcted to be present in concrete and possibly asphalt shingles.
Potential Radioactive Containing Materials	None identified.
Bat Feces	Large number of bats and bat feces was encountered during the assessment. Bat droppings should be presumed to be contaminated with the fungi Histoplasma capsulatum, Cryptococcus neoformans, and other infectious hazards. Many of these microorganisms are known to cause respiratory infections in workers exposed during construction, maintenance or demolition disturbance, and use of property personal protective equipment is recommended.